The postage on this paper within the State, is 34 cts. pe quarter, out of the State 64 cts. per quarter.

The Opposition Meeting. As stated yesterday, the crowd drawn together by the Opposition calls for a Mass Meeting, gathered to-

gether in the neighborhood of the Bell and Everett head quarters on Front street, when a procession was formed and proceeded to the place fixed upon for the meeting and barbecue. This was in the extreme Southern part of town, on the brow of the hill overlooking Mr. Dudey's mill. The stand was erected between two noble oaks, and was handsomely decorated, the frontal ornament being a large bell, or figure of a bell, formed of tive. He didn't agree with his Squatter Sovereignty green leaves and twigs, we suppose.

We suppose five hundred would be a very liberal estimate of the whole number on the ground. Of these some were citizens of Wilmington and some were not we think the majority were not. There were some Democrats-several, in fact.

Hon. Wm. A. Graham, the guest of the occasion. had just commenced when we got down. He charged the defection of Martin Van Buren upon the Democratic party, although such defection was the means of electing Gen. Taylor, the Whig candidate, and defeating Gen. Cass, the Democratic candidate for the Presidency. Mr. Graham's party got the benefit of that, and that was the way Mr. Graham got to be Secretary of the Navy under Mr. Fillmore; for Mr. Van Buren's movement made Mr. Fillmore Vice President, then President, and then Mr. Graham Secretary of the Navy. The fact is, that Martin Van Buren had been thrown overboard on account of Texas, and he was mad-he had power and influence with a certain portion of the Democracy of New York on account of a certain squabble about organization, for such originally was the Old Hunker and Barnburner fight. If Mr. Graham had looked back to 1848 in his own party, he would have found Thurlow Weed its exponent, and Mr. Seward one of its Senators, and Horace Greely one of its prophets. They made no split and no fuss-they had no longer journey to take to land them in the Free Soil camp. They were there al-

But the so-called Compromise Measures of 1850 were passed. Any one who paid any attention to the series of bills so designated, knows that they were framed totally without regard to the provisions or principles of the Missouri Compromise. If that settlement was a right of any State to come into the Union with or without slavery, as the constitutional convention of her people might decide. This principle was embodied in the Compromise Measures of 1850. The Kansas and Nebraska bills of 1854 did nothing more than declare in words what all acknowledged to be an existing fact .-The Missouri Compromise had already been set aside.-The formal announcement of its repeal was no violation of the pledge to abide by the Legislation of 1850 as a final settlement of the slavery question, but on the contrary, it was carrying out the spirit of that legislation. The real violation would have been in a contrary course.

Mr. Graham, after having referred to the division in the ranks of the Democratic party in the State of New York, by Martin Van Buren and others, attacked Gen. Pierce on account of the quarrel with Judge Bronson, who had got the position of Collector of the Port of New York, and charged him (Pierce) with wishing to give the patronage and the offices to Abolitionists.

The history of all this matter is a brief one. The Hunker and Barnburner quarrels in New York State arose out of personal jealousies. These culminated in 1848, when Van Buren was the means of making Mr. Graham Secretary of the Navy, (vide supra.) Subsequently the Buffalonians came in, stacked their arms, acknowledged the corn, and recanted their Free Soilism. How honestly all this was done, it is not for us to say about as honestly, we presume, as New York politicians usually do such things. We don't know that even John Van Buren or the Buffalo Platform ever went as far as Mr. Everett and the Massachusetts resolutions for which he voted. We have read Van Buren's recantation-we never have read Mr. Everett's. Yet Mr. Graham felt no hesitation in advocating the cause of Mr. Everett.

But to the Bronson affair. In 1850 we think, certainly in 1852, all sections of the Democracy of New York voted together and stood upon the same platform -a platform acceptable to the hardest of the "Hards," and the most hunkerish of the "Old Hunkers." alike supported Franklin Pierce and the New York State ticket. The reconciliation was supposed to have been made in good faith. The hatchet was to be buriedbye-gones were to be bye-gones. General Pierce was elected. Mr. Bronson was appointed Collector of the port of New York. In that position he wholly ignored the existence of any reconciliation at all. He knew nobody outside of his own "Old Hunker" set. In doing so he violated the comity of the party, as well as its good faith, while he jeopardized its harmony. He was not asked to appoint Free Soilers or Abolitionists, but he was expected to act in good faith to all sections of the Democratic party. As extreme Southern Democrats, we never could sympathise with the bue and cry raised against General Pierce about this thing. It is a pitiful charge even if justified by the facts of the case. It is worse than pitiful when it most palpably is not so.

But Mr. Graham contended that Squatter Sovereignty was contained in the Kansas and Nebraska bill. On the other hand, the Southern and many of the Northern Senators who voted for it, contended that it was not so. The fact is, that in one thing Mr. Douglas has been consistent-in another he has been the reverse. He has consistently adhered to his original idea of the power of a territorial legislature over the question of slavery therein-he has not adhered to his pledge made to his colleagues at the time the bills were passed, to obey and abide by the decision of the Supreme Court with reference to such powers. To all conscientious men the opinion of the Court is as fully expressed as it can be, that neither Congress nor a territorial legislature can intervene for any other purpose than to extend that protection which every citizen has a right to claim for his property. In the face of this and of his pledge to abide by it, Mr. Douglas adheres to his old notion of the power of a territory, and now asserts that no matter what the Court may say, the power of a territorial legislature to abolish slavery in such territory is undoubted.

Mr. Graham said that now the Democrats ought to stand back and give his party a chance. He said the majority of the Southern people had gone for the Democrats, who had two administrations since the Whigs had one, and that they had managed badly. He appealed to the Democrats to return the favor and go now for his party. When did Mr. Graham and those who act with him concede anything to the Democrats? Was it in 1852 when Mr. Graham ran on the Scott ticket, or in 1856? Not quite, we think. HE could not, and certainly would not claim anything from Democrats on account of any political forbearance on his part. At least we don't think he would or could, and we don't see rida. the reason of his appeal at all, since it was without any

foundation in reciprocity to back it. But the Constitutional Union party had been formed after the American party had tried to do much but had accomplished little. In fact, had failed to overthrow Democracy. Mr. Graham read certain millenneal phrases from the address issued by a number of gentlemen of of whom he was one, Mr. Crittenden being chairman.-They were neatly penned generalities, but nothing more. They went for peace, prosperity and happiness. These are ends desired by all, but there must also be means necessary for the accomplishment of these ends as of all State.

other ends. The means proposed by Mr. Graham may be summed up in seven words: "Elect John Bell. Put us in power," and indeed the last four words contain all the law and the prophets; the platforms and the notions of the opponents of Democracy.

Mr. Graham eulogized Mr. Bell, and also the State of Tennessee. Spoke of the gallantry of her sons New Orleans, at Talladega, and on the battle fields Mexico. He forgot to mention how John Bell censured the hero of New Orleans. How he denounced the war with Mexico. Mr. Graham ascerted what we have never seen denied-that Mr. Bell was a gentleman of irreproachable private character.

To Mr. Douglas the speaker conceded great ability. Vast power before any assemblage, popular or delibera-

Mr. Breckinridge was comparatively a young manof good family-of highly respectable abilities, and more than respectable rhetorical powers as a Congressional speaker. He had been in Congress, and had also been elected Vice President on the ticket with Mr. Buchanan. He did not charge Mr. Breckinridge with being a disunionist, but said he was supported by all the disunionists and filibusters. This is a mistake. Walker, the unfortunate man who was executed in Honthat Mr. Douglas was decidedly Walkerish in his proclivities. Douglas New Orleans organs were all for

Of course the inevitable "Yancey" was brought under oath before some Justice of the Peace for the county forward and moralized over. The Slaughter letter Also, at least one fourth of a bushel of said crops must be was read and commented upon. We would respectfuleditors that Mr. Yancey is not in the field. He is not place. a candidate-they are not asked to vote for him. Even if he had been a disunionist he denies it now, and those who know Mr. Yancey say he is a high-toned gentleman, and sincere in his disclaimer of disunionism; but whether sincere or not, the fact that as an advocate of Breckinridge he is a union man, is a tribute to and proof of the National Union spirit of the Democratic party.

Mr. Graham was in error in his reference to the Democratic Convention at Charleston and Baltimore. split at Baltimore was not on account of Mr. Hallett solely nor at all. That was a mere incident. Mr. Douglas, like any other man, had, no doubt, enemies .-Who has not? But we know men who were very friendly to Mr. Douglas who were driven off from his finality founded upon principle, its principle was the support by the overbearing dictation of himself and friends. The rule or ruin was on the part of the Douglasites. However, we need not say much about that, for of course all the Bell orators feel called upon to throw a sop to Douglas, hoping to draw off someboby from the Democratic party.

Mr. Graham was wholly in error when he stated on the authority of Mr. Settle that at a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee of this State held last August, certain things were done. There was no meeting of that Committee held in August. There was a meeting held in July, and the only action taken, was virtually, if we may use the expression, to take no action and make no recommendation pending the State election then rapidly approaching. The resolutions published were the only resolutions offered or passed, and they passed nem. con. As for any desultory private conversation, we are not in the habit of keeping notes of such or of publishing them.

Mr. Graham drew a vivid picture of the evils and inconveniences of secession, as a reason why our future course should be carefully weighed and deliberated upon -not be rushed into upon mere impulse. In that we all agree. But Mr. Graham had to admit, for all must admit that there may be still wosre things. The men of the Revolution weighed and deliberated, but the time came when they acted. From his theory of a consolidated government we must dissent in toto.

Gov. Graham spoke for two hours and a halt, and it is due to him to say that he presented the points of his party argument with an ability fully up to his reputation. The general tong of his remarks was sufficiently respectful to his political opponents-we presume it al gave satisfaction to his own party with the exception o the fierce denunciation of the proposed re-opening of the slave-trade, and portions of his anti-States Rights views, which were not very warmly cheered.

After dinner we understand that Mr. Davis spoke .-His positions, we believe, differed little from those advanced by him recently in the Town Hall.

He was followed by Mr. Fuller, of Fayetteville, who pitched in " so that pretty nearly all the Democrats | Woburns, Graziers and Kenilworths.

At night Mr. Meares spoke at the Market House .-The procession called on Mr. Graham, who spoke, and we believe there was speaking elsewhere.

Upon the whole, the demonstration was a failuredisappointment-considering the expense, the notice given, and all that. The procession was very small in the matter of voters. Of course, we know our neighbor of the Herald will candidly admit the feebleness of the

A Correction.

We understand that Mr. Dockery, Bell and Everett Elector, asserts in his discussions with Mr. Allen, Dem ocratic Elector in this District, that Mr. Allen's prede cessor, M. B. Smith, Esq., Democratic Elector in 1856 advocated Squatter Sovereignty, or what is known as such, all through the District in his canvass with Mr.

In this we know and feel authorized to state, that Mr. Dockery is mistaken. Mr. Smith expressly refused to accept that as an issue in the canvass at all. He did ridicule the idea of Congress possessing any constitutional power to abolish or prohibit slavery in a territory, or to introduce slavery there, but he did not thus assert for the Territorial Legislatures, the mere creatures of Congress, powers which he denied to Con-

WILMINGTON, CHARLOTTE AND RUTHERGORD R. P. -The annual meeting of the stockholders in the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherlord Railroad Company, met in the Town Hall, in this place, yesterday. We learn that the only business transacted was the election of Directors for the ensuing year. All the old Directors tors were re-elected. A committee was also appointed

The Directory met in the alternoon, and re-appointed all the subordinate officers.

We have not been able to procure a transcript of the proceedings, and what we state above has been only verbally communicated. We shall probably be able to publish an official report on Monday.

LOOKS WELL.—The Floridian and Journal, a ster ling Democratic paper published at Tallahassee, Fla. comes to us this week in new type, and with a look about it that speaks well for the cause it is engaged in. Breckinridge and Lane stock is above par down in Flo-

OREGON .- Douglasites and Black Republicans Fused against the Democrats!-The Douglasites and the Black Republicans in the Oregon Legislature fused on the Senatorial election there, which came off on the 2d instant, in due form, and resulted in the election of Nesmyth, Douglasite, for the long term, and Baker, Republican, for the short term.

There are only 1805 slaves in the State of Delaware. It will soon cease to be in any respect a slave

LIST OF PREMIUMS Of the Sampson County Agricultural Society, to be held at Clinton, on the 6th, 7th and 8th days of December,

1. For the largest crep of Cotton produced upon acres of upland, not less than 1,500 lbs. per acre. . \$12 50 2. For the largest crop of Cotton produced upon 5 cres of lowland, not less than 1,750 lbs. per acre... 12 50 3. For the largest crop of Cotton produced upon 1 acre land, not less than 1,800 lbs.,.... 5 00 4. For the largest crop of Corn produced upon 1 acre of lowland, not less than 85 bushels per acre, . . 5. For the largest crop of Corn produced upon 1 acre of upland, not less than 60 bushels per acre, ... 6. For the largest crop of Corn produced upon 5 acres upland, not less than 40 bushels per acre,..... 7. For the largest crop of Corn produced upon 5 acres of lowland, not less than 65 bushels per acre, .. 12 50 These crops of Corn not to be gathered before the 15th 8. For the largest crop of Wheat raised upon 1

10. For the largest crop of Oats raised upon I acre, not less than 30 bushels,..... 11. For the largest crop of Rye raised upon 1 acre, 13. For the largest crop of Field Peas raised upon 1 acre, not less than 15 bushels clean Peas, ... 14. For the largest crop of Native Grass raised upon acre, not less than 5,000 lbs.,. 15. For the largest crop of Rice raised upon l acre,

not less than 50 bushels,.....

16. For the largest crop of Sweet Potatoes raised upon one acre, not less than 400 bushels,..... 17. For the largest crop of Irish Potatoes laised upon one-fourth acre, (half to be dug,) not less than duras, was always a Donglas man, and it was and is said 100 bushels on the one-fourth acre,... 3 00 Exhibiters of the above crops must state in writing, in 30. Best specim n of Brick full, to the Secretary at the time of entering the article for exhibition, on what sort of land said crop was cultivated, how the land was prepared, what kind of manure used, at what time planted, &c., together with a certificate made

In all cases the land on which said crops are raised to be ly state for the information of Opposition orators and in one body, and not less than 25 yards wide at any one

> SAMPLE CROPS, (NORTH CAROLINA.) Best variety of Corn for Bread,\$1 00 Best variety of Corn for Stock,..... 1 00 Best variety of Wheat,...... 1 00 Best variety of Sweet Potatees,..... 50 Best variety of Field Peas,..... 1 00 Best bale of votton,..... 2 00 . Best bushel of Rye,..... 10. Best bushel of Irish Potatoes,..... 1 00 11. Best variety of Grass Seed adapted to this region

at least one bushel of the samples furnished, and also give to the Secretary a written statement of the kind of seed used, the kind of soil on which it was grown, how cultivated, and when and how saved. SINGLE SPECIMENS. . For the largest Sweet Potato, 25 cents.

For the largest Turnip,..... 25 . For the largest Pumpkia, 25 5. For the largest Cabbage,..... 25 Best Bull 3 years old and upwards to 8 years, \$4 00 Best Cow 3 years old and upwards to 8 years, 4 00 Best Bull Calf under 12 months old. Best Heifer Calf under 12 months old, 2 00 SECOND CLASS .- Durhams or Short Horns Gradations and premiums as in first class Cattle. Natives and all other cattle graded and prized in the same manner.

Working Oxen.

. Best yoke under 8 years old,.

Best lot of not less than 2 Steers, Best single fat Steer, 2 00 Best Milch Cow, giving not less than 12 quarts per day, 5 00

d best, giving not les than 10 quarts, 3 00 Quality as well as quantity to be taken into consideration determine the best Cow, and the time the Cow will give HORSES -FIRST CLASS, (NORTH CAROLINA) Best Horse Colt, 2 years old,

Best Filly, 3 years old, 4 00 Best Filly, 2 years old,..... Best Brood Mare, (Mule by her side.)..... 5 00 SECOND CLASS. Best pair Matched Horses..... 4. Best heavy Draught Horse,..... JACKS AND JENNETS. . Best Jack, with certificate approved by the So-2 Best Jennet, with certificate approved by the So-

MULFS, (N. C. RAISED.) Best pair of Mules,..... \$4 00 2. Best pen fat Sheep, not less than 5, 2 00 3. Best sample Wool, not less than two Fleeces, ... 1 00 SWINE. - Large Breed. Best Boar, over 1 year old,.....\$3 00 2. Best Breeding Sow, over 1 year old,...... 2 00

Best Breeding Sow, with not less than 6 pigs,.... 3 00 4. Best lot Shoats, not less than 6 in number, over 3 months old and under eight, 3 00 This class includes Berkshires, Leicestershires, Chesters, SECOND CLASS .- Small Breed. 1. Best Boar, over 1 year old,.....

2. Best Breeding Sow, over one year old,..... 2 00 3. Best Breeding Sow, with not less than 6 Pigs, ... 3 00 4. Best lot of Shoats, not less than 6 in number, over Guiana and Snap-Dragon, and will be regarded for their

THIRD CLASS .- Natives . 2. Best Breeding Sow, with not less than 6 Pigs, 3 00 3. Best lot of Shoats, not less than 6 in number, over three months old and under eight,..... 4. Best lot of Pork Hogs, not less than 5 in number, 5 00 7. Largest Fat Hog, 3d best...... 6 00

6. Largest Fat Hog, 4th best,...... 4 00 POULTRY. I. Best Shanghae Rooster and Hen,..... \$ 50 2. Best Brahma Rooster and Hen,..... 3. Best half-blood Rooster and Hen..... 4. Best Game Rooster and Hen,.... 5. Best Bantam Rooster and Hen,.... . Best common Dunghill Rooster and Hen,..... . Best pair of Geese, 3. Best pair of Muscovy Ducks,.... Best pair of English Ducks,.... 10. Best pair of Turkeys,.....

11. Best pair of Pea Fowls,... 12. Largest and best assortment of Poultry, 2 00 Other specimers not mentioned allowed the same premi-PORK AND BACON. For the best specimen of Pickled Pork, For the best lot of at least 4 Bacon Hams, 2 00 For the best lot of at least 4 Bacon Hams, 2 years

For the best lot of at least 4 Bacon Sides, 2 00 Exhibiters to deliver to the Secretary a written statement in full of the manner of preserving the article. DAIRY, (SAMPSON COUNTY.) Best specimen of Butter, not less than 2 pounds,...\$ 50
Best specimen of Cheese, not less than 2 pounds,... 50
A written statement of making, &c., to be deposited with

FRUITS, (NORTH CAROLINA.) 1. For the best and largest variety of Table Apples, not less than one quarter bushel, and at least 12 kinds, \$ 1 00 2. Best lot of Pears, under the same rule as the Ap-

facture, with written directions as to how made, &c , 1 00 6. Best collection of Apple Trees, not less than 10 7. Best collection of Peach Trees, not less than 10 kinds,... 8. Best collection of Pear Trees, not less than 10. kinds,...
9 For the orchard containing the greatest variety of Fruit Trees and Vines, not less than 50 kinds of Fruit, with written lists of the kinds, and designating

their time of ripening.—growing in Sampson County, 5 00 HORTICULTURE. 1. For the best and greatest variety of Garden Veg-of not less than 20 approved varieties....................... 1 00
MECHANICAL PREMIUMS. 1. For the best wrought iron one-horse mould board

Plow. 2 00 3. For best Sub-soil Plow, 2 00 4. For best Cotton-scruper Plow,.... 5. For best Sweep,
6. For best tooth Harrow,
7. For best Road Wagon, (4 horses,)
8. For best two-horse Wagon,
9. For best Dump Cart, one-horse, 12. For best Plow Gear for plantation use,..... 13. For best Thresher,.... 13. For best Thresher,.
14. For best Fan,...
15. For best Straw Cutter,...
16. For best Corn and Cob Crusher,...
17. For best Corn Sheller,...
18. For best Grain Cradle,...

20. For best stocked Plow offered by a slave, with certificate from his master or overseer, 2 00 Plantation Tools in a chest attached to the beach, . . . 23. For best three specimens of Printing by one in-25. For largest and best collection of Farming and MANUFACTURES IN WOOD, IRON, &c.

For the best Laire for wood, \$ 2. Best Screw Plate for plantation use,..... 7. Best Invalid Chair, 8. Pest Dining Table,.... 11. Best Window Sash and Blinds, each, Best Pannel Door,
 Best doz. Cedar, Cypress, Juniper or Pine Buck ets,..... 14. Best doz. Cedar, Cypress, Juniper or Pine Tubs,

15. Best close Family Carriage, 18. Best Buggy Harness,..... 19. Best Wagon Harness.... 20. Best Saddle and Bridle, 21. Best pair Brogans, (Sampson,)..... 22. Best pair Boots, 23. Best Traveling Trunk and Valise, each,..... 24. Best and largest collection of Leather, 25. Best side of Sole and Harness Leather, each, . . . 26. Best dozen dressed Sheep Skins, 27. Best dozen dressed Goat Skins 28. Best specimen plantation tanned Leather, for ern materials, applied and dry,.....

31. Best specimen of Sampson county Brick, 3?. Best suit of Clothes made in N. Carolina, of N. Carolina goods,.... 33. Best suit of Homespun made in Sampson county, 2 00 34. Best Gents' Hat,..... 35. Best Negro Hat,.... Best specimen of Honey Comb not less than 5 lbs., with written statement of the best method of mana-

Best jar of strained Honey not less than I gallon,... HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT. 1. Best jar of Leaf Lard, not less than 5 lbs.,....\$ 1 0 2. Best box hard Soap,..... 3. Best box Tailow Candles, 4. Best loaf Light Bread...... 1 00 5. Best loaf Corn Bread,..... 6. Best Loaf Cake,..... 7. Best Sponge Cake, 8. Best Pound Cake,

9. Best Cup Cake, 1 00 10. Best half bushel of Dried Apples, Peaches, Quin 11. Best and largest collection of Jellies, Catsups, Preserves, Pickles, Jams, Syrups, Cordials, &c.,.... 12. Superior specimens of the above, each, 13. Best specimen of Syrup from Chinese Sugar Cane, 1 00 14. Best half barrel Floor, made in Sampson county, 1 00 DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES. 1. Best single Wool Blanket,\$ 1 00

4. Best 5 yards Carpeting, 5. Best 5 yards Stair Carpet,.... 9. Best 5 yards Wool Jeans, 10. Best 5 yards Home-made Linen Sheeting ... 11. Best 5 yards Home-made Diaper..... 12. Best 5 yards Home-made Cotton Jeans, Best Coverlet of cotton or mixed,.....

14. Bes: pair of Socks or Stockings, (linen,)..... 15 Best pair of Focks or Stockings, (cotton,).... 16. Best pound Linen Sewing Thread..... 17. Best pound Cotton Sewing Thread, 18. Best 5 yards Flannel, ... NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURES 1. For the best bale Osnaburgs..... For the best Sneeting,....

8. For the best Plow Lines..... 9. For best bale Cotton Yarn, all Nos.,.... For best piece Carpeting 10 yards or more,..... 2 00 PATCH WORK. Superior specimens of Patch Work and Tufting,

Embroidery, Needle-Work, Straw, Wax, and Shell 1. For the best Historical Painting in Oil, connect ed with the History of N. Carolina,.....\$ 2 00 2. Best specimen of Animal Painting, N. C., 3. Best specimen Landscape Painting, N. C.,.... 4. Best specimen Fruit Painting,.... 5. Eest specimen Fancy Painting, 6. Best collection of Water Colors,

EMBROIDERY AND WORSTED WORK.

For the best specimens of Framed Tapestry Work.

CULTIVATED FARMS. For the best Cultivated Farm of not less than 50 acres under cultivation, to be determined by a Committee appointed for the purpose, whose duty it shall be to visit the Farms of competitors for the Premium and examine the condition of the Buildings, Fences, Stock of all kinds, Growing Crops, and every thing in reference to the convenience and comfort of a family living upon a Farm. The Farm to be visited and examined in the latter

part of the month of August, and a full description of the successful Farm written out by the visiting Committee for publication. Farms must be entered at or before the June Meeting. Premium,\$25 00 A Premium of Five Dollars will be given for the best

EXPERIMENTS AND ESSAYS. For each of the best experiments on any of the following 1st. Effects in profit or loss of the usual mode of sav-2d. Cost and effect of sub soil Plowing, under different circumstances of soil and sub-soil,..... 3 00

Young Orchard of not less than 300 Fruit Trees of the best

3d. Action or non-action of Lime as a Manure, 3 00 4th. Cost and effects of Bone Dust or Phosphate of 5th. Best series of comparative Experiments in the The Awarding Committee will divide all articles into first, second and third best, when they deem advisable to award to secoad best half the amount allowed the first best, and a iploma to the third best.

Discretionary Premiums will be awarded by a Committee appointed for that purpose, in connection with the Execu-Premiums will not be awarded on any article which shall not be considered worthy, although there may not be any

No article or animal shall be entered for premiums in two capacities the same year. By order. J. W. EAGER, Sec'y. For the Journal. WILMINGTON, Oct. 29, 1869.

Messrs. Editors: Does the Democratic party here in town intend to make a move, or does it intend to lie idle and do ache, or Weight in the nothing? Remember, we have only six clear working days Diseases, Worms in Chil dren or Adults, Rheumaintend to make a move, or does it intend to lie idle and do between now and the day of election. Where is the Young Men's Democratic Associaton? and what are they doing?-Perhaps they think all is right, and that every Democrat is exerting himself new, and will be ready on the day of election. I trust that such will be the case; but it is none the less a fact, that there is always more or less apathy, from which it is necessary to arouse the members of our party by bringing the matter, as it were, home to them-by forcing it upon their attention. It is none the less a fact, that some demonstration is locked for on the part of the Democracy. Let us have it, and show that we are alive and in earnest, and mean to achieve a glorious victory. I would say to the Young Democrats, and the Old Demo-

cra's, and the Democrats generally-WORK while it is yet time. Let the ball be put in motion forthwith, and be kept rolling until sunset on the 6th of November. A DEMOCRAT.

FICHLANDS, Onslow Co., N. C., Oct. 20th, 1860. MESSRS. EDITORS :- Will you permit me through your columns to suggest the name of your Countyman, Hon. Samuel J. Person, as a suitable person for Speaker of the next House of Commons. The writer is for him, and thinks no better selection could

be made from among all the members elected to that body. Will he not make a capital speaker? HOUSE OF COMMONS.

STATISTICS OF HARNETT COUNTY .- Furnished by Robert B. Smith, Esq., Deputy Marshal: Free Persons, 5,461 Slaves,.... Total population..... Farms..... 528

Churches...... 16 Church property valued at\$5,000 In 1850, Harnett formed part of Cumberland county, so that no comparison can be made of its increase or decrease. - Fayetteville Observer. Fire at Leavenworth, K. T.

LEAVENWORTH, K. T., Oct. 24 .- A fire broke out this morning and destroyed eight or ten frame buildings on the northeast corner of Third and Shawnee streets. 3 00 With two exceptions, the buildings were of no great value. The stocks were mostly removed with but little damage. The total loss amounted to about \$10,000, on which there is less than \$2,000, insurance.

A collegian, enlightening a farmer upon animalcula. applied a microscope to the cheese, saying, "Now look at them wiggle." "Well," said the farmer, placing the cheese in his mouth, let them wiggle. I can stand it as 19. For best Seed Planter,...... 1 00 long as they can."

DISTRIBUTION OF THE SCHOOL FUND. OFFICE OF THE LITERARY BOARD RALEIGH, October 16th, 1860. The President and Directors of the Literary Fund having made distribution of the net income of said Fund for the year 1860, have directed the following tabular statement to be published, showing the Spring and Fall distribution to each county, and the sum total distributed during the year. The amount of the Fall distribution will be paid to the persons entitled thereto upon application to the Treasury p. Alleghany, Madison, and Polk Counties will receive their apportionment from the Counties from which they were re pectively formed. Jackson County will receive thirty (30) per centum of the amount allotted to Macon County, and the balance of its share from that allotted to Haywood County. Prest. Ex-Officio Lit. Board

GRAHAM DAVES, Secretary to the Literary Board.

		waring	Fall.	Total.	Deduct for Deaf and I	-
	COUNTIES. FED. POP.	spring.	1,219 92\$	2,439 84	Deduct for Deaf and Dumb.	-
ı	Alamance,10,166	\$1,219 92 \$	600 36	1,200 72		
4	Alexander, 5,003	1 200 72	1,290 72	2,581 44	William J. Covington, \$	
П	Anson,10,756	1,290 72	1,024 68	2,049 36	**************************************	75 0
1	Ashe, 8,539	1,024 68	The state of the s	21020 00	- 7 THE LOW	
1	Alleghany,	830 28	830 28	1,660 56		
П	Burke, 6,919		1,480 56	2,961 12	David J. Watson,	
П	Buncombe,12,338	1,480 55	962 88	1,925 76	Joseph Watson,	
i I	Bladen, 8,024	962 88	1,196 76	2 303 52	Eliza J. C. Watson, 25	25 /
1	Bertie, 9,973	1,196 76	1,405 92	2,811 84	(Director or management	3/1
N	Beaufort,11,716	1,405 92	714 12	1,428 24		
	Brunswick, 5,950	714 12	1.040 88	2,081 76	Catharine L. Fisher,	
6	Cabarrus, 8,674	1,040 88	504000000000000000000000000000000000000	1,976 16	Moses Fisher	
	Catawba, 8,234	988 08	988 08	2,958 96		50 (
á	Craven, 12,329	1,479 48	1,479 48	2,552 12	Jesse Holder, John R. Strickland, Harriet E. Strickland,	
6	Cumberland, 10,634	1,276 06	1,276 06	1 300 49	Hamiet & Strickland	95
2	Chowan, 5,252	630 24	630 24	1,260 48	(Harriet E. Strickland,	-0.1
0	Columbus, 5,308	636 96	636 96	1,273 92	Thomas D. Danner	
2	Camden, 5,174	620 88	620 88	1,241 76	Thomas B. Berry,	75
0	Carteret, 6,208	744 96	744 96	1,489 92	Sallie Boushall,	75
0	Cherokee, 6,703	804 36	804 36	1,608 72		rac)
U	Caswell12,161	1,459 32	1,459 32	2,918 64	0 10 7 1	
0	Chatham, 16,055	1,926 60	1,926 60	3,853 20	Sarah C. Foushee,	** :
0	Caldwell, 5,836	700 32	700 32	1,400 64		10 (
0	Currituck, 6,257	750 84	750 84	1,501 68		
9	Cleaveland, 9,697	1,163 64	1,163 64	2,327 27		
	Davidson,14,123	1,694 76	1,694 76	3,389 52		
0	Davie, 6,998	839 76	839 76	1,679 52		
	Duplin,		1,333 32	2,666 64	Ellen C. Johnson,	
0		1,202 12	1,202 12	2,404 24		75
0	Edgecombe,10,018	1,275 74	1,275 74	2,550 48		
0	Forsyth	1,141 20	1,141 20	2,282 40		
	Franklin, 9,510	867 36	867 36	1,734 72		
10	Gaston,		2,076 36	4,152 72		
0	Granville,17,303	2,076 36	The Property and Control	4,435 20		
0	Guilford, 18,480	2,217 60	2,217 60 638 52	1,277 04		
0	Greene, 5,320	638 52		1,650 72		
	Gates, 6,878	825 36	825 36	1,657 68		
	Haywood, 6,907	828 84	828 84		Mary Burt and Martha Ad-	
	Halifax,13,007	1,560 84	1,560 84	3,121 68		150
00	Hertford, 6,656	798 72	798 72	1,597 44		1.00
352	Hyde, 6,585	790 20	790 20	1,580 40		
0	Harnett, 7.089		850 70	1,701 40		
	Henderson 6,883	825 96	825 96	1,651 92	m) vv v	
0	Iredell,	1,567 44	1,567 41	3,134 88	Thomas Hardin,	75
00	Jackson,	1002 524		011 10		
00	Jones, 3,395	472 20	472 20	944 40	Eunice A. Gurganus,	
0	Johnston 11 149	1,337 92	1,337 72	2,675 44	Eunice A. Gurganus,	
0	Lenoir, 6,181	741 84	741 72	1,483 44	Nancy Hill and	225
0	Lincoln 6 924		830 88	1,661 76	(Jonas Hill,	777
00	Madison,					
00	Martin. 6.961	835 32	835 32	1,670 64		
)()	MODOMERTO pitato	688 92	688 92	1,377 84	Mary M. Nichols, J. Jamison,	150
0	Moore, 8,552	1,026 26	1,026 26	2,052 52		75
10	Montgomery, 6,166	739 56	739 56	1,479 12		
'n	Macon, 6,169	740 28	740 28	1,480 56		
00	Mecklenburg,11,724		1,406 88	2,813 76		
0	Nash 7,905		948 60	1,897 20		
00	New Hanover,14,236	1,708 32	1,708 32	3,416 64		75
10	Northampton, 10,731		1,287 72	2,575 44		10
(Care	Onelow 7 040		844 80	1,689 60		
00	Orange,14,957	1,794 84	1,794 84	3,589 68		75
00	Pasquotank, 7,708		924 96	1,849 92		5.00
0	Perquimans, 6,030		723 60	1,447 20		ħr.
00	Pitt, 10,745	- 10 A A A A	1,289 40	2,578 80		10
10	Person, 8,825		1,059 00	2,118 00		
00	Polk,			,		
Ю	Robeson,	1,329 60	1,329 60	2,659 20		
50	Rockingham, 12,363	1,483 56	1.483 56	2,967 12		
10	Rowan,12,329		1.479 48	2,958 96		790
10			1,486 56	2,973 12	, bond 21 (takeon) (11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.	40
10	Rutherford,12,388		1,821 12	3,642 24		
W	Randolph, 15,167	952 32	952 32		(Hiram Merritt, Nancy J. Blanch-	
00	Richmond, 7,926		1 477 99	2 054 64	and Potter Hell and	Day
0	Sampson,		1,477 32	2,954 64	ard, Patty Hall and	300
50	DLUKES, 0,4:0		1,018 80	2,037 60		
10	Stamy, 0,040		761 76	1,523 52		327
00	Cutty, 0,104		975 84	1,951 68		150
	Tyrrell, 4.452		534 24	1,068 48		
Ю	Children	1,110 96	1,110 96	2,221 92	Jane A. Benton,	7
ю.	Wake,21,123		2,534 76	5,069 52		199
	Warren,10,366	1,243 92	1,243 92	2,487 84	(Cambre Darbackers and a second	400
00	Washington, 4,780	573 60	573 60	1,147 20		
10	Watauga, 3,348	401 76	401 76	803 52		
10	Wayne, 10,317	1,238 09	1,238 09	2,476 18		
HU	Wilkes, 11,642		1,397 04	2,764 08		
00	Wilson, 6,754	810 45	810 45	1,620 90		
10	Yadkin 9,511	1,141 32	1,141 32	2,282 64		
5			0.003 1.0	1 007 90	David F. Wiseman	(M
164	Yancey, 8,068	968 16	968 16	1,987 32	David I. Wischian	
U						
0		\$90,425 04	90,425 04	180,850 08		

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COMPOUNDED ENTIRELY FROM GUMS, and has become an established fact, a Standard Medicine, all that have used it, and is now resorted to with confidence in all the diseases for

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It has cured thousands who had given up all hopes of relief, as the num unsolicited certificates in my possession show. of relief, as the numerous The dose must be adapt-the individual taking it, and ed to the temperament of used in such quantities as to act gently on the Bowels. Let the dictates of your in the use of the LIVER IN- VIGORATOR, and it will

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8360,000. EORTEO NUMERO 645 ORDINARIO.

30,000 | 153 20,000 20 Approximations... 8,800 10,000 Four Approximations to the \$100,000 of \$600 each; 4 d \$400 to \$50,000; 4 of \$400 to \$30,000; 4 of \$400 to \$20,000; Whole Tickets \$20 : Halves \$10 ; Quarters \$5. Prizes cashed at sight at 5 per cent. discount. Bills on all solvent Banks taken at par.

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In bags containing one-eighth;
They keep constantly on hand, at the Mill, and at their store, FRESH GROUND MEAL, HOMMINY, ORACE ED CORN, COW FEED, SHORTS, BRAN, &c., &c. They also keep for sale— CORN at wholesale and retail; OAIS at wholesale and retail; PEAS at wholesale and retail;

HAY at wholesale and retail; Marshall's FINE SALT in sacks Liverpool ground ALUM SALT, in sacks; North Carolina FLOUR on consignment. Oct. 2d, 1860